THE

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

No. 226.

WEDNESDAY, *Auguſt* 23, 1749.

ROME, May 5.

HIS holineſs has directed the ſtrongeſt inſtances to be made to the Republic of Genoa, the king of the Two Sicilies, and the grand maſter of Malta, to give orders, that the veſſels which they are fitting out may act in conjunction with ours, againſt the Corſairs of Barbary, which never did ſo much miſchief to the commerce of Italy as at preſent.

Paris, May 9. The diſgrace of the Count de Maurepas continues ſtill to make a great noiſe. It is very certain that he had not the leaſt notice, or even ſuſpicion, of his misfortune, before it happen'd; which, without doubt, was owing, at leaſt in an eminent degree, to the diſpatches from the Weſt Indies, where his near relation, the Marquis de Caylus, has behaved in a manner not at all ſuitable to the intentions of the court. The following is an exact copy of the letter de cachet deliver'd to that miniſter by the Count d'Argenſon, which has been made public, to deſtroy the credit of fictitious papers, bearing that title.

"I have always promiſed you, that when your ſervices were no longer agreeable to me, you ſhould know it from myſelf. This is at preſent the caſe. You will ſet out on Saturday for Bourges. I do not ſend you to Pont Chertain, becauſe you would be there too near Verſailles. You are to admit the viſits of none but your own family. You are not to write me an anſwer to this."

It is believed ſeveral perſons of great rank will be involved in the diſgrace of this miniſter. The duke de Fleury has demanded and obtained Leave to reſign his poſt of the firſt gentleman of the chamber.

Hague, May 25. Notwithſtanding the pacific advices from various quarters, we have the moſt poſitive aſſurances from Hamburgh, that a camp is actually mark'd out in the neighbourhood of Magdebourgh for 30,000 men; that the Pruſſians will ſpeedily encamp in the neighbourhood of Konigſberg; and that the Swedes have a ſquadron of 12 men of war, and 4 frigates, compleatly mann'd and ready to put to ſea.

Paris, May 28. A report is juſt ſpread, that the fleet deſtin'd for Cape-Breton ſet ſail the 10th inſtant from Rochelle, with a fair wind; and that 17 veſſels were expected there forthwith from our Weſt-India colonies.

Naples, April 8. The biſhop of Gergenti in Sicily, having obtained leave of the court to build, at his own expence, a port to that city, he has remitted 6000 ducats to purchaſe in this kingdom the neceſſary materials for that purpoſe. On the 4th inſtant, being Good-Friday, whilſt the yearly devoted proceſſion was paſſing before the Royal Palace, and their majeſties at the balcony to obſerve it, an officer of the Swiſs guards had a quarrel with M. Caracciolo, ſon to the duke of Vietri, in which they drew their ſwords, and occaſioned ſuch a prodigious confuſion amongſt the populace, that it was apprehended at firſt by every body, and even by their majeſties, that a conſpiracy was begun; and it was with ſome difficulty, that the Italian and Swiſs guards, the Life guards, and the Halberdiers, who were then on duty put an end to the confuſion. A few days ago a gentleman of the Bed Chamber, and the Feudatories, were forbidden to ſtir out of this Capital without the king's leave; and count Converſano having left this city, contrary to the ſaid orders, was immediately call'd, and on the 5th in the evening arreſted, and ſent priſoner to the caſtle.

Extract of a Letter from Amſterdam, April 28.

As to affairs abroad, every body here continues in the perſuaſion that nothing extraordinary will happen in the North, as well by reaſon of the Swedes apprehending their country will be made the ſeat of War, as becauſe we are certainly informed that their Britannic and moſt Chriſtian Majeſties are perfectly agreed upon this ſubject, and have reſolved to offer their mediation, in order to diſſipate the jealouſies, diſtruſts, and other ſubjects of diſcontent, and at the ſame time to offer their Guaranty, that the government in Sweden ſhall remain in the ſtate and condition into which it was put at the acceſſion of queen Ubica to the throne of that kingdom, when the abſolute ſovereignty was aboliſhed, which indeed proved an advantageous ſtep to the Swediſh nation, and to all the neighbouring ſtates. All the news we have lately received from Lower Saxony confirm, that there is now no extraordinary motion amongſt the Pruſſian troops.

LONDON.

May 6. We hear that the ſix blue ribbands, vacant by the deaths of the dukes of Somerſet and Argyll, the earls of Paulett, Orford, Eſſex, and Wilmington, will next week be diſpoſed of in favour of his royal highneſs prince George, the king of Denmark, the duke of Bedford, the earl of Harrington, lord Gower, and the earl of Sandwich.

Sir John Philips, bart. prompted by a zeal for the cauſe of learning and his country, and out of regard to Pembroke college in Oxford, (where he had his education, and is full an ornament,) has been pleaſed to found a fellowſhip and ſcholarſhip in the ſaid college, for the benefit of his country (Pembroke,) and laſt week William Howel, M. A. was admitted the firſt Fellow on that foundation, and William Rogers Scholar.

On tueſday was held a general court of the royal African company of England, when the court came to ſome reſolutions to the following purpoſe:

That, if the company ſhould be required to part with their lands, forts, caſtles, and properties in Africa, on account of the new propoſed eſtabliſhment of an open company, without any joint ſtock or power to trade as a corporation, under proper regulations; and that the forts and ſettlements upon the coaſt of Africa be put under proper management and direction; that the court of aſſiſtants do make all due applications to parliament, by petition or otherwiſe, to aſſert the company's rights, and to uſe their utmoſt endeavours to obtain ſuch conſideration for their property, as ſhall enable the company to pay their juſt debts, and to make ſome reaſonable conſideration to the proprietors for the many and heavy charges and expences which they have ſuſtained, by maintaining their forts and caſtles in Africa for the benefit of the public, over and above all allowances which have been granted by parliament.

But in caſe ſuch an open company, upon due examination, and conſideration of parliament, be found liable to ſo many difficulties and uncertainties, as not to anſwer the good purpoſes thereby intended, as has been the caſe in ſeveral inſtances of the like kind, in former applications to parliament; — and that the company be not required to part with their property in Africa: That the court of aſſiſtants do continue their application and endeavours to obtain ſuch a proviſion, for ſuch a certain term of years, as ſhall be ſufficient to enable the company to ſupport and maintain the Britiſh honour, dominion, and juriſdiction in Africa, and to keep up and maintain their forts and caſtles in a defenſible and reſpectable condition; and more eſpecially in thoſe parts where this nation has ſeveral powerful rivals to contend with; and alſo for obtaining ſuch a reaſonable proviſion, as may be ſufficient to clear off the company's juſt debts, contracted by means of an inſufficient allowance from the public to ſupport and maintain the forts and caſtles, and other Britiſh rights in Africa; and thus to enable the company to carry on the African trade to the mutual intereſt and ſatisfaction of the company and all Britiſh ſeperate traders.

We hear from Chekenham, that they had ſo great a ſtorm of thunder and lightning on thurſday laſt, that great damage was done to the church, &c. The ſame day at Ewe Elm, near Benſon in Oxfordſhire, after ſeveral loud claps of thunder, ſuch heavy rain fell, that incredible damage was done to both the houſes

houſes and fields; in the fields the earth from the plow'd lands was carry'd away by the rapidity of the current, quite to the gravel, and the corn ſown thereon entirely deſtroy'd; and from many houſes the furniture was ſwept away, ſome of which have not been found, or heard of ſince.

Extract of a Letter from St. Claude in the Franche Compte, dated April 21.

"There is one Ambroſe Jauvet, a native of this place, who, on the 16th of February laſt, entred into the hundred and tenth year of his age, as appears from the authentic regiſters of the pariſh. His great age has made him the object of veneration, as well as admiration, not barely of this neighbourhood, but of ſtrangers alſo, and amongſt them even of ſome perſons of diſtinction, who have taken the trouble to come from places at a conſiderable diſtance, on purpoſe to viſit him; what may be poſſibly thought more ſurpriſing is, that he has arriv'd at this great age without ever taſting any better food then unleaven'd barley bread, baked in the aſhes, roots, radiſhes, and cabbage; yet he is not only alive and well, but ſeems to be in a fair way of living half a ſcore years longer. His memory, his judgment, the quickneſs of his parts, and of his eyeſight, are not in the leaſt impair'd. He has never made the leaſt uſe of ſpectacles, or of any other preſervative whatever. His ſtature is about four feet and a half; his hair is very thick, and of different ſhades of grey; his beard is of a moderate ſize, white, but not at all thin or ſoft; he has for two years paſt walked with a ſtick, rather out of form then for uſe. He goes on ſundays, and other feſtivals, to the pariſh church, where he behaves with unaffected piety and modeſty, and has done ſo all his life long, though it is a full league from hence. In a word though a very old, he cannot be called a decrepid man; for tho' he is not ſo ſtrong as in his youth, yet he feels none of the infirmities of age, and has no other notions of ſickneſs or pain, then what he derives from the relations of others. He is of a very mild and equal temper, no great talker, but chearful rather then reſerved, willing to anſwer any queſtions that are put to him with equal modeſty. He has liveu always in the ſame manner, in the ſame condition, or, as himſelf expreſſes it, he has enjoyed a lo g life in health and content."

May 11. Some private letters from Paris inform us, that a ſtranger having procured admiſſion to Doctor Helvetius, the queen's phyſician, under pretence of communicating to him a ſecret of an extraordinary nature, ſuddenly demanded his purſe; and, upon his refuſing to deliver it, gave him a wound, of which he is dangerouſly ill; but theſe letters do not inform us, whether the Villain who was guilty of this Action was apprehended, or made his eſcape.

We learn from Bruſſels, by a letter of the 13th Inſtant that things are not very quiet there; ſome perſons lately in office have been ſeized, others confined by parole, and ſome fled: They ſtill talk not only of inquiring into peoples behaviour, during the French intruſion, but of obliging all of that nation, who have no eſtabliſhment in the Low-Countries, to quit them immediately; but oh what motives we are yet to learn.

May 12. Marſhal Lowendahl is ordered to viſit all the Sea-Ports throughout the Kingdom, in order to give his majeſty an account of the ſtate and condition in which they ſtand; who propoſes to have all the reparations, and other augmentations to be made as ſhall be deemed neceſſary for the future ſecurity of ſuch ports.

May 13. Yeſterday the houſe of Peers adjourned 'til Tueſday ſe'nnight.

The houſe of Commons have likewiſe adjourned 'til Monday ſe'nnight.

His majeſty has put off going to the houſe of Peers to ſign the bills, 'til the houſe riſes; which it is ſaid will be about the middle of June.

The lords of the admiralty have ſtation'd the Tryton man of war, Capt. Clark (now lying at Sheerneſs), for five years, off Virginia.

By letters from Paris, there is an account, that certain of the Proteſtants in Languedoc have been fined 400 livres, and ſeveral ſent to priſon, for frequenting unlicenſed meeting-houſes.

We hear that a propoſal is on foot for ſending out two other veſſels, for diſcovering a North Weſt paſſage.

May 18. By a private letter from Genoa, dated the 5th of May, we have an account, that the whole city was in the utmoſt conſternation, having received advice, that no leſs than eleven ſail of corſairs were upon their coaſts; the largeſt of which was a veſſel carrying 24 guns, and 400 men; it being apprehended they meditated a deſcent, in order to plunder ſome of the open villages, to prevent which, four gallies and a great arm'd bark, had been ſent to drive them off the coaſt, and a conſiderable body of regular troops to ſupport the inhabitants, in caſe they had already landed. Theſe letters add, that they are able to form no ſort of judgment of the turn that affairs are like to take in Corſica, for tho' the malecontents have had ſeveral aſſemblies, yet the deputies having each of them taken an oath of ſecrecy, there is nothing tranſpires; and as they have not hitherto given any anſwer to the French General, no intelligence can be hoped for on that ſide.

May 17. Monday night his grace the duke of Richmond gave a grand entertainment to his ſerene highneſs the duke of Modena, and upwards of 400 perſons of diſtinction. At 9 o' clock a moſt beautiful firework was play'd off on the river, which conſiſted of 200 water mines, 200 air balons, 200 fire trees, 5000 water rockets, 5000 ſky rockets, 100 fire ſhowers, 20 ſuns, 100 ſtars; and the whole concluded with a grand illumination, which laſted 'til 2 o' clock.

May 19. Yeſterday the lords of trade and plantations appointed the Rev. Mr. Birch, and the Rev. Mr. Hall, miniſters of the colony of Nova Scotia.

May 20. If we may depend upon our laſt advices from Dreſden, there is no longer any probability of a War, and to the full as little of reſtoring the tranquility of the North. It is agreed, that by the interpoſition of two Courts, the military operations of this ſummer will be ſuſpended; for it is perceived, that from the ſupplies granted to Ruſſia, and that prudent turn which his Daniſh majeſty has thought fit to make, from a juſt regard to his own intereſt, that the ballance is again ſo nicely trimmed, as to make it exceeding doubtful, whether a long war might produce any thing more then a prodigious waſte of blood and treaſure.

The Medway and Montague men of war of 60 guns, the Cheſter of 50, and the Inverneſs of 24, with the Dolphin and Vulcan fire-ſhips, and the Prince Royal ſtore-ſhip, being unfit for his majeſty's ſervice, are ordered to be ſold at Portſmouth.

An additional force of men of war are ordered to join thoſe lately appointed for the American Seas, to prevent the inſults of Pyrates in thoſe parts.

His royal highneſs the prince of Wales has given orders for a punch bowl, of 50 guineas value, to be ſailed for, by veſſels carrying fifteen ton, and not above twenty-five ton burthen, from Greenwich round the Lighthouſe at the Nore, and back to Greenwich again, on the 11th of June.

May 22. The lords of the admiralty have given orders for two ſhips of 40 guns, and three of 20, to be fitted out with all expedition, to cruize againſt the Algerines, under the command of commodore Parry.

Extract of a Letter from Hamburgh, May 4, N. S.

"According to advices from the empire, many Proteſtant families are daily withdrawing from the Archbiſhoprick of Saltzburg, in order to go over to England, and ſettle, ſome in Georgia, and ſome in Nova Scotia."

The inſtallation of his royal highneſs prince George, eldeſt ſon of the prince of Wales, and the other three knights of the moſt noble order of the Garter, is fixed for the 29th of June, in St. George's chapel at Windſor, preparations being making for that purpoſe.

This day both houſes of Parliament met according to their adjournment.

May 20. We hear that the right hon. the earl of Halifax is ſet out for Portſmouth, to take leave of the governor and ſettlers going to Nova-Scotia, whoſe intereſt and future welfare he ſeems to have greatly at heart.

Saturday a man attempting to ſwim acroſs the Thames from the Bank-ſide to the oppoſite ſhore, for a wager of a pint of Geneva, ſunk about the middle of the river, occaſion'd by the currency of the tide, and was drowned.

May 24. Yeſterday Mr. Veutreſs was appointed a clerk of the board of trade for the colony of Nova-Scotia.

The prince and princeſs of Wales will receive the Compliments of the nobility, gentry, &c. at Leiceſter-Houſe, this day, being the birth-day of prince George, who enters the 12th year of his age.

May 26. Yeſterday morning ſeveral veſſels, which had been taken into his majeſty's ſervice to carry troops and ſtores to Nova Scotia, ſailed from the river Thames for Portſmouth, in order to proceed on their voyage.

BOSTON.

July 24. All accounts from the Weſt-Indies agree, that proviſions are exceeding plentiful and cheap at all the iſlands: A veſſel lately come in from St. Kitt's, brought near 100 barrels of flour to this port,

By letters from Louisburg, dated the 7th instant, we are informed, that the British soldiers in garrison there were busy in preparing to leave the place, and expected to embark on board the French transports in three or four days time.

The same day Capt. Foster arrived here in ten days from Chebucta, by whom we are inform'd, that the people there are plentifully supplied with fresh provisions by the French inhabitants, and that they go on briskly in clearing the land, and preparing of frames for houses.——That governor Mascarine, and other gentlemen from Annapolis, were arrived at Chebucta; and that Capt. Rous in the Albany, and Capt. Pearse in the Boston, were gone to St. John's, to disturb the French in the settlements they are making there.

William Massarve, master of the sloop Success, is lately arrived at the port of Piscataqua from Antigua, with a considerable quantity of flour lately purchased there.

Price current in Boston, in the Time of the late Drought.

Hay 4 *l.* per hundred; and some ask it yet.
Green Pease from 12 *s.* to 18 *s.* per peck.
String Beans from 10 *s.* to 15 *s.* the half peck.
Squashes from 7 *s.* to 10 *s.* per dozen.
Four *small* Turnips in the bunch for 1 *s.* 2 *d.*
Three *very small* Onions for 1 *s.*
Cucumbers from 1 *s.* to 1 *s.* 6 *d.* apiece.
Milk still continues 2 *s.* a quart, and Butter 8 *s.* a pound.

It is the opinion of many judicious persons, that people in the towns near Boston have made a greater profit of the fruits they brought to sell, than if the earth had yielded a full increase: So that it is no breach of charity to suppose, that while many of them *fasted and prayed for rain, their hearts were going after their covetousness.* It is certain, that the Drought, which was a sore judgment of heaven on the land, they made an *excuse* and *cloak* to cover their *abominable extortion.*

ANNAPOLIS.

Last Week died the Rev. Mr. *Carlisle*, Rector of a Parish in *Baltimore* County.

¶ *Yesterday the Printer hereof deliver'd to the High Sheriff of this County, directed,* On his Lordship's Service, *all the Laws made last Session, for each of the Gentlemen of his Lordship's Council, the Representatives, Provincial and County Magistrates, and for each County Court, as directed by Act of Assembly: Likewise a Copy for each Vestry in the Province, which they may have at the respective County Clerks Offices; except the Vestries of this County, who may have them, for calling or sending for, from*

Jonas Green.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBERS,

For the Benefit of the Heirs of Capt. Christopher Grindall, *deceased, by Way of* Public Vendue, *on Friday the 22d Day of* September *next, at the Plantation of the said* Grindall *(formerly belonging to* Nicholas Haile*), in* Baltimore *County, the following Tracts of Land*; viz.

Hooker's Farm, containing 160 Acres, with very good Improvements thereon, and the Crop now on the Ground; together with the Plantation Utensils, Cattle, Horses, and Hogs: Also two Negro Men, two Negro Women, and four Children.

Haile's Forest, containing 100 Acres:
Taylor's Discovery, containing 80 Acres:
Smallwood, containing 50 Acres: All lying in *Baltimore* County, with good Improvements on each Tract.

The next Day, the 23d of September, *will be SOLD, at the House of* William Rogers, *in* Baltimore Town,

A Sortable Parcel of *European* Goods, to the Amount of about 200 *l.* Sterling; which may be view'd, and the Invoice, at the House of *James Slemaker*, near *Patapsco* Ferry, where they now are.

All for ready Money, either Currency or Sterling, or for good Bills of Exchange; by

GEORGE ATKINSON,
JAMES SLEMAKER, } Executors.

N. B. Three other Tracts of Land, lying at *Ants-Eatam*, in *Frederick* County; *viz.*

Shadrech's Lot, containing 262 Acres;
Meshech's Garden, containing 200 Acres; and
Abednego's Pasture, containing 70 Acres; are to be Sold by the said Executors.

STolen, or given out by Mistake, from the Subscriber's Shop in *Annapolis*, some Time ago, two Silver Watches: One of them is a fuzeable Watch, the Maker's Name on the Inside, *Joseph Smith, Bristol*; the Number supposed to be 205, but not certain; the Ballance work'd in a Steel Hand, fix'd in the Cock, which was Silver. The other is a large old-fashion'd Watch, the Maker's Name *Joshua Cobham, Dublin.*

If any Gentleman is possessed of either of the said Watches through Mistake, they are requested to return them; or if stolen, whoever will bring them, or either of them, to the Subscriber, shall have Four Pounds Reward for the first-mentioned Watch, and Forty Shillings for the other.

JOHN ISCH.

To be SOLD, or LET, in Partnership or Otherwise,

A Good Brewhouse, situated in the City of *Annapolis*, with most Conveniencies for carrying on the Businesses of Brewing, Malting, and Distilling; together with one or two Acres of Ground adjoining thereto. For further Particulars, enquire of

PATRICK CREAGH.

LOST by the Subscriber, within a Month past, but not miss'd 'til lately, a Silver Watch, with a Silver Chain, the Maker's Name *John Clark, London*; the Number forgot. Whoever will bring the said Watch to the Subscriber, shall have Thirty Shillings Reward.

PATRICK CREAGH.

Westmoreland County, *Virginia, August* 17, 1749.

RAN away from the Subscriber, on Monday last, a Convict Servant Man named *Thomas Wing*, a middle-siz'd Fellow, about 5 Feet 7 Inches high, of a swarthy Complexion, has had a Piece cut out of one Side of the End of his Nose, very remarkable, which he says was done by the Kick of a Horse; he professes Farming, was imported lately in the *Litchfield*, Capt. *Johnson*, and came from *Maidstone* Goal, in the County of *Kent*, in *England*: His Dress, when he went off, was a brown cloth Coat with a small Cape, a Pair of Sailor's Trowsers, a brown Wig, a check'd Shirt, and dark colour'd Worsted Stockings.

The abovementioned Servant took with him a Mulatto Slave, named *James*, a well-set Fellow, 21 Years old, about 5 Feet 7 Inches high, and is very apt to stutter when closely examined, having a stoppage in his Speech; he has on his Back a large white Scar; His Dress was a Dowlass Shirt, and a brown Linnen Coat and Breeches: He has been us'd to drive a Chariot for several Years.

I have been inform'd by their Confederates, since they went off, that they intend for *Pennsylvania*, and from thence to *New-England*; unless they can in their Way get a Passage in some Vessel to *Great Britain*, where the Mulatto pretends to have an Uncle, who escaped from his Master in this Colony near 20 Years ago, and is said to keep a Coffee-House in *London*.

Whoever apprehends the said Runaways, and secures them so that they may be had again, if taken in *Maryland* or *Pennsylvania*, shall have TEN POUNDS STERLING Reward, besides what the Law allows, or FIVE POUNDS for either of them; and if taken in any Government to the Northward of *Maryland* and *Pennsylvania*, the Reward shall be TWENTY POUNDS STERLING for both, or TEN POUNDS STERLING for either; which shall be paid on Demand by

WM. FITZHUGH.

JUST IMPORTED,

And to be SOLD at the Sign of the Ship, *in* South-East *Street*, Annapolis, *by* ELIZABETH MARRIOTT, *for Ready Money, or Bills of Exchange,*

BEar-skins, druggets, kerseys, half thicks, Welch cotton, German serge, cambletts, shalloons, worsted damask, florettoes, herretts, callimancoes, tammies, fine tandums, Irish linnen fine and coarse, sheeting linnen, fustians, Manchester checks, linnen and cotton checks, strip'd cottons, coarse and fine callicoes, silk and cotton handkerchiefs, womens short cloaks, lawns, cambricks fine and coarse, osnabrigs and hempen roll, thread of all sorts, sewing silk, tape and bobbin, needles and pins, callimanco shoes, men and womens thread and worsted stockings, hoop petticoats, shoemakers thread, buttons and mohair, bindings silk and worsted, ribbons and gartering, playing cards, ink powder, paper, school books, case knives and forks, pocket knives and forks, penknives and scissars, buckles and buttons of all sorts, necklaces, ivory combs, thimbles, men and womens kid and lamb gloves, silk and cotton laces, sifters, Castile soap, wool and cotton cards, chocolate at 3 *s.* per pound, and choice Bohea tea at 11 *s.* pepper, salt, loaf-sugar, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves, mace, nails of all sorts, and many other goods too tedious to mention.

STRAYED from *Annapolis*, about the middle of *July* past, a middle siz'd raw-bon'd red milch Cow, has some white Spots on her Belly; she has a Crop and a Slit in each Ear.

Whoever brings her to Town, or informs where she is, shall have Seven Shillings and Six Pence Reward, from

SIMON DUFF.

THE Printer of this Paper being in great want of Money, begs of those who are Indebted to him, to Pay as soon as they conveniently can.

JUST PUBLISHED,

THE LAWS made and passed at the last Session of Assembly of this Province. To be Sold by the Printer hereof. Price 2*s.* 6*d.*

To be SOLD by Retale, for Ready Money,

AT the Subscriber's House in *Annapolis*, Fine Muscovado Sugar, at 1*s.* per Pound; choice Melasses, at 4*s.* 6*d.* per Gallon; Coffee, at 2*s.* 3*d.* per Pound; Chocolate, at 3*s.* per Pound; very good Bohea Tea, at 11*s.* per Pound; and Limes, at 6*s.* per Hundred. MUNGO CAMPBELL.

The said *Campbell* carries on the Pewterer's Business; and will give Ready Money for old Pewter, Copper, and Brass; or exchanges new for old: He likewise Tins all Sorts of Copper and Brass Ware.

To be SOLD by Wholesale,

BY the Subscriber, at his House in *Annapolis*, where he lately kept Store, a large Quantity of *Barbadoes* Rum, Muscovado Sugar, Melasses, and fresh Limes, at Reasonable Rates. ROBERT SWAN.

WILLIAM BICKNELL, SAIL-MAKER,

Who served his Time in his Majesty's Yard at Chatham,

LIVES now in *Annapolis*, and will make Sails for Ships, or other Vessels, in the best Manner, and at reasonable Rates. He may be found at Mr. *Williamson's*.

JOHN FEARON,

Removed to the Store-House of Mr. ROBERT SWAN, *near the Court House in* Annapolis,

SELLS *European* and *India* Goods at the Lowest Prices, for Ready Money, or Tobacco lying in any Inspecting-House on the Western Shore. Constant Attendance is given by Mr. *Samuel Chapman*, or JOHN FEARON.

Annapolis, July 12, 1749.

RAN away from *Nanticoke* River, in *Somerset* County, (where he was then at Work for Mr. *Dames*,) an *Irish* Convict Servant Man, a Cooper by Trade, belonging to the Subscriber; he is a short well set Fellow, about 27 Years of Age, broad faced, has red Hair, and speaks but indifferent *English*. He had on when he went away a blue Pea Jacket, an Osnabrigs Shirt, and Trowsers of the same; but may possibly have changed his Apparel. Whoever will bring the said Servant to Mr. *William Dames*, Merchant in *Queen Anne's* County, or to the Subscriber at *Annapolis*, shall have Fifty Shillings Reward, if taken in *Maryland*; or Five Pounds, if taken in *Pennsylvania* or *Virginia*; and reasonable Charges.

PATRICK DORAN.

TO BE RUN FOR,

At LEEDS-TOWN, *in* Virginia, *on Wednesday the* 17*th of* September *next*,

A Purse of about Thirty-five Pounds Value, by any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, carrying Weight for Inches; the Heats three Miles. And,

On Thursday the 18th of the same Month, will be Run for at the same Place, a Plate of about One hundred Pounds Value by any Horse, *&c.* to carry 10 Stone, the Heats 4 Miles.

That Gentlemen may be more particularly informed of the Terms of Running, Copies of each Subscription are lodged at the Printing Office in *Annapolis*.

JUST IMPORTED

By WILLIAM GOVANE, *and to be SOLD by Wholesale, at his House near* Annapolis, *for Ready Money, or short Credit, at the cheapest Rates,*

CHOICE *Barbadoes, Antigua*, and *New-England* Rum, Loaf-Sugar, Best *Barbadoes* Potted Ditto, Fine Muscovado Ditto, Iron Pots, Kettles, and Skillets, Train Oil, *&c. &c. &c.*

TO BE RUN FOR, on the Race Ground near the City of Annapolis, *on Friday the* 29*th Day of* September *next*,

A PURSE of the value of TWENTY POUNDS Currency, Three Heats, by any Horse, Mare or Gelding, bred in this Province, to carry Seven Stone.

The said Horses, Mares, or Geldings, to be entered the preceding Day, by XII of the Clock, with *Jonas Green* at *Annapolis*, and to pay each Twenty Shillings Entrance, for the Benefit of the Second Best.

All Disputes to be determined by the Mayor and Aldermen present.

Annapolis, July 3, 1749.

THE Subscriber intending to depart this Province early in the Fall, gives this public Notice. And all Persons Indebted to him, or Mr. *James Johnson*, late of this Place, Merchant, by Bonds, Notes of Hand, or open Accounts, are desired to pay off and settle the same; which will prevent them Trouble from ROBERT SWAN.

RAN away from the Subscriber, on the 9th of *June* last, a Convict Servant Man, named *George Gold*, a Glazier and Plummer by Trade, aged about 30 Years, of a middle Stature, fair Complection, has a large Scar on his right Cheek, under his Eye, and several about his Head; has a proud strutting Walk, and his Knees stand somwhat in: He had on when he went away a short Wig, a darkish camblet Coat, a cloth Waistcoat without Sleeves, and Breeches of the same, a Pair of Fustan Breeches with brass Buttons, and grey Stockings: He may have other Cloaths, may probably change his Name, have a false Pass, and pretend to some other Trade.

Whoever takes up the said Servant and brings him home, if taken in this County, shall have Ten Shillings more than the Law allows; if out of the County, Twenty Shillings; and if taken out of the Province, Two Pistoles, besides what the Law allows; and reasonable Charges; paid by

PATRICK CREAGH.

Queen Anne's County, *May* 23, 1749.

RAN away from the Subscriber, on Tuesday the 2d Instant, a lusty young Negro Fellow named *Phil*, about 23 Years of Age, round faced, and somewhat in-kneed; had on when he went away a Dove-colour'd halfthick Coat and Breeches, a dark colour'd halfthick Jacket, an Osnabrigs Shirt and Yarn Stockings: He carried with him a young likely Negro Wench, belonging to Mr. *Nathan Wright*, and is supposed to be in Company with her. Whoever secures the said Negro Man so as he may be had again, shall have Forty Shillings Reward, besides what the Law allows, if taken on the Western Shore; or if taken on the Eastern Shore, and brought to the Subscriber at Mr. *Charles Browne's* near *Queen's Town*, Twenty Shillings, besides what the Law allows, paid by

JOHN BRACCO.

Annapolis, April 26, 1749.

THIS is to give Notice to all those who have any Bonds in the Loan-Office, that if they do not come and pay the Interests due upon the same, on or before the last Day of *October* next ensuing the Date hereof, the Commissioners, in Discharge of the Trust reposed in them by the Public, will think themselves obliged to enter up Judgment, and sue out Executions on the same; and this they are determined to do, unless those who are concerned take due Care to prevent it.

By Order of the Commissioners,

R. DORSEY, *Clerk of the Pap. Car. Office.*

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